Department of Health

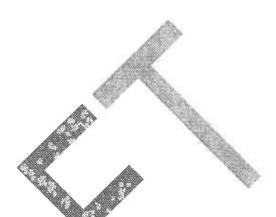
Adolescent Step Up Step Down Unit – Model of Service

Queensland Public Mental Health Services

Oleraber 2015







Step Up Step Down Model of Services Queensland William Mental Health Services October 2015

Published by the State of Queensland Queens and Health), wotober 2015



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An electronic of this document is available at

http://gheps.health.gld.gov.au/mentalhealth/resources/resources.htm

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## Purpose of this document

This model of service aims to provide operational advice to support the planning and delivery of Step Up/Step Down Units (SUSDU) within the Queensland public mental health service system. The model of service is an aspirational document, intended to describe the target population, the functions, operation and governance of the service. It also includes hyperlinks to resources that inform mental health practice, including policy, standards, protocols and guidelines.

This document seeks to complement and support the delivery at high quality and safe mental health services. The accessibility of information allows eater transparency about public mental health services and informs consumers care service partners, staff, managers and service planners. The document contents are sourced from reference documents, broad consultation and expert pinion from start service users and carers. This document does not replace clinical adgement or Hospital and Health Service specific patient safety procedures and an uld be read in conjunction with the Clinical Services Capability Framework (CS) Mental Health Services Module.

The intended outcome of the development and supplementation of the model of service is:

- improved knowledge of how a access and navigate through mental health services
- a consumer and taker centred, recover asea. It injury of care
- a more info@id and supported mental health workforce
- enhance supervision he clinical and non-clinical workforce
- the delivery of safe, high quality, integrated, and evidence driven mental health care
- increased knowledge and understanding of other service components
- consistency and a camlining of service delivery across public mental health services.
- enhanced service development, evaluation and review
- 🗽 stronger servio 🍎 artnerships.

This document is intended as a resource for Queensland Health HHSs to support development of local models of care.

## 1. Who is the service for?

SUSDU services are aimed at:

- consumers who are 13-18 years (with flexibility up to 21 years dependent upon developmental age), who are eligible for mental health services, and are experiencing psychological distress and/or mental health concerns.
- consumers who no longer require acute inpatient level clinical intervention and treatment but would benefit from short-term, intensive treatment and support in a residential setting post-discharge from an acute mental health.
- consumers who are living in the community and require shaperm residential support with intensive clinical treatment and intervention is prevent the risk of further deterioration or relapse, which in the absence of this option may lead to admission to an acute mental health in-patient unit.

Consumers engaged with a SUSDU will present will a range of mental to alth problems and/or disorders at the moderate to all ere end of the spectrum. Predominantly, they will have diagnoses such as depression, anxiety, adjustment, attachment, eating and developmental disorder. Consumers may also have diagnoses relating to behavioural concerns such as complete attachment deficit hyperactivity and conduct disorder in the presence of comorbid mental stallth issues. Many consumers will also present with peer and family appliems, which are exacerbate mental health problems and disorders.

One of the intentions of SUSDU services is to lease an possible difficulties and stresses experienced by an lies and carers in apporting onsumers who are acutely unwell and are receiving companity treatment. At the same time, it offers an important alternative for each intervention or those consumers in the early phase of relapse, and for those in need of further stabilisation and covery before returning to the community following an acute mental heart admission.

The USDE may be suitable for consumers who need a level of monitoring and clinical care that does not require impossion to an inpatient unit, but will benefit from more intensive clinical trainent and psychosocial support than can be provided through the usual continuum of care e.g. community CYMHS, assertive mobile youth outreach services (AMYOS), CYMHS acute response team (ART), adolescent day program, etc.

The SUSCE will not be a zetted to admit involuntary consumers, although consumers on a community treatment order (CTO) may be voluntarily admitted to the SUSDU for more intensive an unity treatment and support.

Consumers discharged from acute inpatient settings must have recovered to the point where that service can demonstrate their risk status does not require the clinical care typically provided by an inpatient unit. If an individual is clinically assessed as requiring inpatient care he/she should be admitted to an inpatient unit.

Unsuitability for the SUSDU service is likely to be the result of a number of factors, in particular clinical or safety risk. Safety risk include concerns regarding the safety of consumers or the community; significant concerns regarding the consumer's

behaviour; the consumer's capacity to engage with service providers and comply with treatment; and, the mix of consumers in the SUSDU service at the time.

Assessment of individual consumers entering the SUSDU service should include a comprehensive risk assessment indicating that it is an appropriate and safe treatment option. If a consumer is unable to access the SUSDU on one occasion, this should not preclude his/her consideration in the future.

The SUSDU operate within established service provision parameters and service capability as per the <u>Clinical Services Capability Framework for Public and Licensed Private Health Facilities (CSCF) – Mental Health Module.</u>

Under the definitions of the CSCF, the SUSDU will operate as a 'Non-Acute Inpatient Service – Level 5' service. [to be reviewed and clarified following service mapping]



## What does the service do?

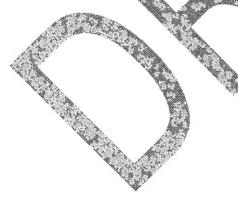
A SUSDU provides community-based mental health care to consumers who are in recovery, but require additional support and life skills to successfully transition to independent community living.

The SUSDU is one component in the broad support network that contributes to an adolescent's recovery. The SUSDU services are delivered as part of an integrated mental health service system that includes acute and non-acute interior services, consultation-liaison psychiatry, and a range of specialist positions teams and statewide services.

The HHS should maintain appropriate referral and association processes for considering referrals, monitoring waiting lists, assessing available community options and facilitating smooth transition between service dements.

Clear admission criteria for the SUSDU should be developed that reflects the intended role and functions and ensures:

- People with high need for SUSDU services receive priority for admission
- Preferences of consumers, care family and sign ant others are considered as part of the admission process
- Delivery of safe and effective care
- Recovery-oriented and ales are utilised. The second tailor the approach to each individual consume and respond to the diversity of people with mental health disorders second chapter 5, recovery-oriented mental alth services: Guide for practitioners and providers.



## 3. What does the service intend to achieve?

SUSDUs form part of a continuum of care for adolescents requiring mental health treatment in Queensland. SUSDUs are subacute residential units that are defined as bed-based facilities delivered in partnership and/or collaboration between clinical services and the NGO/community support sector. SUSDUs will provide overnight care and short-term residential treatment from specialist and non-specialist trained mental health staff.

The SUSDUs are provided for consumers who have recently perienced, or who are at increased risk of experiencing, an acute episode of mental littless. The consumer usually requires a higher intensity of treatment and care preduce amptoms and/or distress that cannot be adequately provided for in the community, but does not require the treatment intensity provided by acute inpatient prits. The service will neet and exceed National Standards for Mental Health prices and the Equip National Safety Standards.

SUSDUs exist within the spectrum of integrated mental health services and other health services. The service will for a part of the State wide adolescent mental health extended treatment service continuing for the recovery overlated treatment and rehabilitation of consumers aged 13 148 years. It has evere and persistent mental health problems. These services are provided within a overy-oriented approach that emphasises individual area in specially builds to allow an adolescent mental emphasises opportunities for social inclusion. Additional problems are mental disaders.

The aims of SUSOUS are to

- Prevent further delexionation of a person's mental state and associated disability,
   and in turn reduce the ikelihood of admission to an acute inpatient unit (Step Up).
  - Enable early sharge on acute mental health inpatient units through the provision of an intensive, if and supportive sub-acute residential community program (Step Down).

The objectives of SUSI Aservices are to:

- Provide service canon for consumers, both in the inpatient setting and in the community who treatment and recovery is better suited to intensive, short-term treatment and apport in a residential setting.
- Provide a mix of clinical, psychosocial and other support that enables gains made during the period in the inpatient setting to be strengthened, community transition and treatment plans to be consolidated, and minimises the trauma and disruption for consumers and carers that may arise from an acute episode of mental health concerns.
- Supplement crisis intervention and enhance community access to inpatient services through the prevention of unnecessary inpatient admissions and the provision of an intensively-supported early discharge alternative.

### SUSDUs functions contribute to:

- implementation of intervention and prevention strategies to enhance the mental health and wellbeing of consumers and reduce the risk of future mental health problems;
- decreasing stigma and discrimination within the local community and reducing barriers to social inclusion;
- providing consumers and their families/carers with a focus on building resilience, fostering individual and family wellbeing, and assisting in the resovery of an appropriate developmental trajectory;
- assisting consumers and their families/carers to maintain the and progress in their recovery, and to live with mental health problems where such problems persist in the long term;
- supporting consumers and their families/carers across the broad continuum of care, including facilitating smooth transition to, and form, other services;
- reducing the need for inpatient admissions.
- assisting consumers to maintain or regain experience developmentally appropriate functional, learning or vocational tables and
- working with consumers and treat amilies/carers to avelop their personal support systems, and live successfully within team community.

The SUSDU takes an integrated apply ach to climate recovery and psychosocial interventions with a focus on stabilisation and management of illness and engagement or re-engagement in positive and support social, family educational and vocational connections.

## The SUSDUs will be able to provide:

- A range of inductual, family and group-based assessment, treatment and republication programs aimed at treatment illness, reducing emotional dispress, and promotion functionality within the community.
- Provide phased seatment, rograms that are developed in partnership with adolescents and, where appropriate, their parents or carers.
- Ribvide 24 hour ca for adolescents in a safe, structured, highly supervised and supportive environment.
- Co-ordinate on-situated out-reach schooling to support educational and vocational goals.
- Facilitate access to indigenous and transcultural support services as required.
- Negotiate assertive discharge planning to integrate adolescents back into their community of choice, including appropriate local mental health treatment, education or vocational services, functional and living skill development.

### 4 **Key Components**

The key components of the SUSDU are defined here. These components are essential for the effective operation of a SUSDU.

### Working with other service providers 4 1

## Key elements Comments 4.1.1 The SUSDU will work in close collaboration with other service providers to medindividual needs of Strong partnerships are the consumer, and their familiand/or carers. developed with other local Formal agreements will be developed where health and mental health service providers, as well as with required. education and vocational Clear, regular contagrand configuration processes services. Child Safety Services. are maintained an all phases of Disability Services, Youth Advice, education and support on new tal health Justice, NGOs and other issues are ovided to other services. community support services. The SUCE I will work with Service Integration Coordinate (SIC) to establish efficient, collaborative particle lips with local service providers and kentainical and non-clinical support pices, including susing / accommodation, pcate nat financial at a social supports. Shara arrangements with General 4.1.2 Practituders (GPs), mental health nurses working in There is active the agement GP practices, private psychologists and counsellors primary health care providers are encouraged. meet the general sealth care ents will be made to record a nominated GP in needs of the const CIMPA for 100 percent of consumers. then more than one service SUSDU staff will need to develop agreed documented processes with the relevant Authorised

provider is involved in service deliver the SUSDU vill nitiate and participate in discussions around which service will adopt the role of lead a sucv.

Mental Health Service (AMHS) for the joint management of consumers subject to the *Mental* Health Act 2000.

### 4.1.4

When consumers have specific needs (e.g. sensory impairment. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander populations, Culturally and Linguistically Diverse (CALD) Backgrounds, dual disability), SUSDU will engage the assistance of appropriate

Interpreter services

Hearing impaired/deafness Transcultural mental health

Indigenous mental health

Multicultural Mental Health - Queensland Health

Multicultural Services

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural

Capability Framework 2010-2033

Department of Communities - Disability and

Community Care Services

Key elements	Comments
services to ensure that communication and cultural issues are addressed.	
There is active engagement with local hospital emergency departments (as part of Department of Emergency Medicine (DEM)), and local police services, to support coordinated access and crisis response planning & service delivery.	

## 4.2 Referral, access and triage

## Key elements

### 4.2.1

The HHS is responsible for managing the entry and discharge of consumers in to and out of the SUSDU. Typically, admissions to the SUSDU can occur from a range of referral sources in the Community Child and Youth Mental Health in vices (CCYMHS), Entire Therapeum Services, Acute are Team other mental health patient units and attention liais or other worlds and private psychiatists.

and for care represent tives should be given information and consideration for entranto a SUSDU, as well as details of their ongoing to the ment in the treatment. This information is to be provided by a SUSDU representative.

A comprehensive mental health assessment must be undertaken by a SUSDU mental health clinician. A risk assessment will be conducted in accordance with the 'Risk Assessment Checklist', incorporated in the

## Comments

Referrals to the SUS III will occur through a single point of entry. It wide collaborative intake afficer coordinate eviews of referrals in conjunction with a panel of representatives from the local adoles and mental health services and SUSDU support statistics the intake and must include at least one consultation biatry representative from the adolescent mental health services. This panel will meet a regular basis to review referrals.

The no inpated HHS delegates or SUSDU multidist plinary representatives will consider all referrals to the SUSDU from a consumer needs

An appropriate representative from the referring area will be included as part of this process. Clear information regarding referral and access processes will be available to referrers.

Referrals may be accepted from across hospital and health service catchments.

All referrals will be communicated verbally and in writing, using standardised clinical documentation.

The referrer will provide an assessment that includes:

- a mental state examination
- risk assessment
- presenting problem
- substance use
- medication history
- physical status, and medical clearance if indicated
- formulation

CYMHS Consumer Intake Form.
All consumers with identified risks must have a risk management plan documented and alerts noted in the Consumer Integrated Mental Health Application (CIMHA).

Feedback will be provided to the consumer and referrer about why and how their support needs could be better met in an alternative setting. Local processes will be implemented so the consumer can access the SUSDU when support needs change over their recovery journey.

## Comments

- provisional diagnosis
- Mental Health Act 2000 status
- goals for admission
- accommodation and support details

Consumers, their families and/or carers, the referrer and other key stakeholders will be actively engaged in discharge planning from the time of admission.

Whenever possible, copies of completed assessment tools will accompany referrals and be scanned or recorded in CIMMA.

All referral information and recorded and/or scanned into CIMHA and sign.

Child and Yout Wental Health Services Consumer Intake form

Adult Me Health Services Consum Stake form

CYMHS Intal Health Sessment and Policy

CYMHS Asset and Management of Risk of Suicide and/or Suinjury Policy.

### 4.2.2

Consent to referral obtained.

## 4.2.3

The decision to admit to a SUSDU is incide by a consultant psychiatrist or an appropriately trained medical decisate, who is under the supervision of a consultant psychiatris in consultation with the incide panel assisting of the state-wide collaborative intime officer and representative from the local HHS adolescent mental health services and the SUSDU.

The pure erson assent to referral must be note. The referral form, and signed by the young person

The decision to admit will take into account the:

- hature of the problem
  - acuity and severity of the disturbance and associated risks
- complexity of the condition (including comorbidity)
- extent of functional impairment
- risk assessment
- benefits and risks associated with admission
- geographical proximity and referrer's goals of admission
- safe transfer from rural and remote sites
- time of day of the referral
- availability of other appropriate services

If the decision is not to admit, alternatives to admission will be provided to referrers by the state-wide collaborative intake officer after consultation with the SUSDU consultant psychiatrist and intake panel.

### 4.2.4

All referrals are triaged when received by the state-wide collaborative intake officer, in consultation with the SUSDU consultant psychiatrist and intake panel. Admissions are prioritised according to clinical need.

## Comments

Priority for admission is to be given to consumers who are suicidal, psychotic, severely disturbed and traumatised, requiring short-term, community based, and residential mental health support.

Considerations to the preferences of the consumers and their carers are to be considered as part of the admission process, as well as the capacity for the SUSDU to provide safe and the rapeutic care in response to the needs of the onsumer.

### 4.2.5

Step-Up Referral Pathway: Admission may occur following a range of less restrictive interventions such as:

- CCYMHS assessment and treatment
- enrolment in a CYMHS Day Program
- for rural and remote areas, admission to the nearest hospital, with mental health care provided by paedian staff. This can be in consultation with local Child and with Mental Health Service Capabil

Framework (CSC) level 35, and 4 services) Where possible, admissions and conducted as part of a collaborative assessment and treatment plan between the SCDU and referring arvices such as CCYMHS, we Therapeutic Service an Assertive Mobile You Outreach Service (AMYC a Youth Resident Rehabilitation Unit (Youth Resident ay Program, or Consultation Liaison Psychiatry services.



### 2.6

Admission may occur allowing a range of more restrictive interventions such as a second secon

- AAIU asses in and treatment (Ciriacal Service Capability Framework (CSCF) level 5 or 6 Where possible, admissions are conducted as part of a collaborative assessment and treatment plan between the SUSDU and the AAIU.

Clinical Service Capability Framework

### 4.2.7

An introductory meeting is to occur with the consumer and/or their families / care representatives with a SUSDU representative to introduce them

The pack will include information on:

- treatment and support options
- the multidisciplinary team role and function outline
- assessment, family meetings, and

to the service. This meeting aims to orient them to the service and shape the expectations of the consumer and/or their families of the service.

A general information and orientation pack will be provided and explained to all consumers, families, and/or carers on admission.

## Comments

treatment planning

- ward and school programs
- contact phone numbers
- general unit information, including policies on smoking, mobile phone use, property consent, ancillary services, etc.
- Mental Health Act 2000 statement of rights and responsibilities
- mechanisms providing feedback
- communit\(\infty\) oport services
- culturally diversion orientation material specific to the driving populace of the local service

## National Mards for Mental Health vices

During the ferral process, the consumer, and their carer/s, family and ssignificant others will receive support, information and education about the clying philoso

Consumers that of the accomplaint or compliment over the crime or in thing to the Complaints Cook and of the HHS. This will ensure that feedball is documented and the appropriate protocol are followed.

• laint and compliments about health services.

The potential for the consumer to achieve functional pain and his har willingness to atticipate in the program are measured in the refer a and ongoing assessment process the consumer's process the consumer's process the covery domains are explicitly measured on referral with evidence-based, recovery-oriented tools.

SUSDU representatives, preferably a SUSDU support worker and a mental health clinician, will introduce the recovery-oriented framework to the consumer and/or their families / care representatives

Evidence-based tools to measure assessment outcomes and recovery orientation of consumers are used in the referral and ongoing assessment process.

Recovery Oriented Systems Indicators Measure (ROSI)

Recovery Self-Assessment (RSA)
Recovery-Oriented Practices Index (ROPI)
Recovery Promotion Fidelity Scale (RPFS)—see
Recovery measures: The Australian context
A national framework for recovery-oriented mental health services: Policy and theory

## Key elements Comments as part of the assessment process. Each consumer will have a central documented recoveryoriented treatment plan in the approved format as per CIMHA Business Rules. The Recovery Oriented Treatment Plan will be developed in partnership with each consumer, and their family and/or care representative, as evidenced by their signature, and a copy offered to the consumer/care representative. As part of the 'Recovery Oriented Treatment Plan'. regular process of reviewing progress towards the recoveryoriented goals with the consumer and/or family/care representatives should be negotiated (e.g. weekly review of progress towards recovery goals).

## 4.3 Assessment

## Key elements

### 4.3.1

on admission, a clinical menta health staff member will undertake a comprehensive clinical as essment the will assess:

- the presenting problems
- past interventions
- developmental history
- relationships
- attachment and history of trauma
- mental state examination
- · medical history
- alcohol and other drug use
- · cultural factors
- legal issues including custody and guardianship

## Comments

A formulation of the presenting problems will be developed and contribute to a diagnosis and discussion of recovery goals. The formulation will be holistic and include:

- symptoms
- relationships
- attachments
- family dynamics and functioning
- school performance
- developmental trajectory
- co-morbidities
- protective factors.

In addition to mental health concerns, the assessment will also assess the functional capacities of the consumer and available supports (including family and/or care representatives) to support recovery on

### Key elements Comments discharge and prevent relapse. family history risk assessment Assessment and care planning is a continuous process consideration of whether the throughout the admission period. consumer may be a parent with care responsibilities for Child and Youth Mental Health Services Consumer infants and children Assessment form Adult mental health service-consumer assessment Statewide standardised suite of clinical documentation user quide 4.3.2 Consent to disclose information and to involve key Assessment will involve input stakeholders, and family and carer/s in the consumer's care will be sought a every case. from family, and/or carer/s, and key service providers as appropriate. Information will occur in every case unless a significant arrier arises, such as inability to gain The family and/or carer appropriate lawful consent. assessment will include: the history of the presenting Suite of clinic locations Queensland He Shild and Youth Mental Health complaint developmental history pices State-wice Standardised Suite of Clinical the family and/or carers ocumentation User Vide perspectives of the issues Nealth Bos Act 2011 - Part 7 transitions and life cycle changes in the family Rigido la mation Information Privacy relationships Inform sharing between mental health workers, consultings, carers, family and significant others. attachment inistory of Mental No. 11th Act 2000. Mental House Act 2000 Resource Guide trauma

parenting styles limit setting

roles and responsibility Camily emotional of thate of family legal issues

Hel Health Act 2000 Forensic Provisions

Mental sealth Review Tribunal

Mental Health Court

Forensic Patient Management Policy and Procedures Policy and Practice Guidelines for the Care of Disability Forensic Patients

Engageme will oc with an Aboriginal an To Strait Islander Mental Lealth Worker or Hospital Liaison Worker to support and assist with the facilitation of information for a comprehensive assessment of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander consumers.

Where an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander mental health worker is not available, identification of an appropriate and recognised Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander person is integral in addressing the cultural needs of the consumer.

Guideline for Mental Health Service Responsiveness for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural Information Gathering Tool User Guide for the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural Information Gathering Tool.

## Key elements Comments 434 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural The Cultural Information Information Gathering Tool Gathering Tool will collect User Guide for the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural information relevant to **Cultural Information Gathering Tool** the individual and that may impact on the consumer's presentation, diagnosis, treatment and recovery. 4.3.5 Comprehensive risk asses ments will include: Risk assessments will be harm to self conducted by the clinical staff and will occur: vulnerability on admission as part of the risks of physical or emotional deterioration comprehensive clinical triggers symptoms and/or benavioural assessment disturbance prior to transfer to any other abscending unit/facility/service non-admence. prior to and following periods of leave harm to our prior to discharge child protection assues where clinically indicated due to change in cific all of risk may be evaluated more frequently presentation or every day. as utlined in the consumer's recovery oriented treament. The risk assessment will be conducted in accordance with the risk Assessment Checklist', incorporated in the CYMI. Consumer Intake Form. All consumers with identified risks must have a risk management plan documented and alerts noted in the Consumer Integrated Mental Health Application (CIMHA). The discharge risk assessment will be recorded on the discharge summary in CIMHA. Risk management protocols will be consistent with Queensland Health policy and SUSDU policies. Child and Youth Mental Health Services Risk Screening Tool Adult Mental Health Services Risk Screening Tool Guidelines for Suicide Risk Assessment and Management 4.3.6 Child Protection Act 1999 Child safety concerns will be Child Protection guidelines at the Queensland Health identified through risk policy site assessment and addressed in

Key elements	Comments
accordance with mandatory requirements.	Working with parents with mental illness – guidelines for mental health clinicians Principles and actions for services working with children of parents with a mental illness Mental health child protection form Information sharing between mental health workers, consumers, carers, family and significant others.
4.3.7 When indicated, a physical examination by a medical officer will be completed on consumers.	This may be conducted by an external health service provider, but needs to be considered as part of the SUSDU assessment.  Consumers will be encouraged to have a nominated GP.  Consumers will be actively monitored to their ability to access minary health care including regular dental reviews an other physical health supports.
4.3.8  Drug and alcohol use will be routinely assessed and documented. Information advice to address and the indidnate, a evant, where rounnely provide. For sentiments alternate or	Potential physical palth problems and ongoing the locing informatic will be identified and discussed with the identified GP.  ChackUP (former practice Queensland)  Elimination and reduction of cigarette smoking is encouraged with reduction strategies/aids routinely offered to ansumers.  Harm maximisation interventions and motivational interviewing will be available.  Co-occurring alcohol and drug problems will be
additional support is required.	SUSDU is not drug and alcohol withdrawal service. Consumers who are actively using substances and requiring drug and alcohol withdrawal or rehabilitation services will be referred to other suitable drug and alcohol services.  The SUSDU will follow legislation introduced under the Health Legislation Amendment Bill 2014 to prohibit
	Smoking on health facility land.  Child and Youth Mental Health Services Drug Assessment Problem List Adult Mental Health Services Drug Assessment Problem List Queensland Health Dual Diagnosis Clinical Guidelines

Key elements	Comments
was elements	Queensland Health Dual Diagnosis Clinician Toolkit
	edobilotala ribalar Badi Bagiloto bililitati ribalar
4.3.9  If clinically indicated, specialised diagnostic assessments may occur to ascertain specific mental health problems and identify evidence-informed therapeutic interventions.	Diagnostic assessments will be coordinated by the hospital or other health service providers, if clinically indicated for treatment and formulation of cases.  If not conducted during the admission, recommendations regarding further assessments will be provided to follow up service providers through documentation on the discharge summary and recorded in CIMHA.  Mental Health Child Your Mental Health Services Consumer End of Episode/Discharge Summary Case Manager & Policy Framew Adult Mental Health Consumer End Episode/Foundard Summary
4.3.10 The outcome of assessments	A family and/or state holder meeting will be organised
will be promptly communicated to the consumer, family and/or carer/s, and other stakeholders (with consent).	on as practical after admission to communicate e ou me of assessments.  He sital and Board Act 2011 – Part 7  Con lent y  Righ cormation Act 2009  Informa on Privacy Act 2009  Informa of sharing between mental health workers, consumer carers, family and significant others.
Figure consumer will be valuated at assessment through the use of encome measures.	The National Outcomes and Casemix Collection (NOCC) will be used, and other measures will be used, based on each consumer's individual requirements.  Measures will include:
	<ul> <li>Health of the Nation Outcome Scales for Children and Adolescents (HoNOSCA)</li> <li>Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ)</li> <li>Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS)</li> <li>Factors Influencing Health Status (FIHS).</li> </ul>
	Mental Health Outcomes Collection Protocol Outcome and Casemix measures for mental health services
4.3.12 Every effort will be made to limit the repetitive nature of the information gathering process for the consumer.	

## 4.4 Clinical review

## Comments Key elements A consultant psychiatrist or appropriate medical delegate will 4.4.1 participate in all MDT Reviews (this may be via telehealth). All cases will be discussed at a Multidisciplinary Team (MDT) Review at least weekly. All MDT Reviews will be documented in the consumer's clinical record, the consumer care review summary, and in CIMHA. Where consumers are part of are being referred to, another part of the mental health service, MDT Reviews should include an appropriate epresentative from that treating team. Child and Yout Mental Health Ser Consumer C Review Summary form Adult Med Health Consumer Care Rev Summary Form CIMHA busi 4.4.2 ical will be received utilising the clinical incident In addition to the weekly MDT ma agement in elementa in standard. Review, ad hoc clinical review meetings will be scheduled when required (e.g. an discuss Guide te enical Incident Management cases with complex clinical issues, following critical event, or in preparation for discharge). The consumer a recover The viewpoint of the consumer, family and/or carer, and his/her community-based supports such as teachers and will inform discussion at the community mental health case managers will be considered DT Review. Any maifican changes in intervention will be during the reviews. incomprated into the individual Outcomes of clinical reviews will be discussed with care/trestment plan. consumers, families and/or carers. Any changes to the recovery plan will be made in collaboration with the consumer, family and/or carer. Structured risk and review processes will be utilised. 4.4.4 The National Outcomes and Casemix Collection (NOCC) will be used, and other measures will be used, based on each Each consumer's progress will be routinely monitored and consumer's individual requirements. Measures will include: evaluated including the use of Health of the Nation Outcome Scales for Children and outcome measures.

Adolescents (HoNOSCA)

Key elements	Comments
	<ul> <li>Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ)</li> <li>Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS)</li> <li>Factors Influencing Health Status (FIHS).</li> </ul>
	Mental Health Outcomes Collection Protocol Outcome and Casemix measures for mental health services

## 4.5 Recovery Planning and Relapse Prevention

## Key elements

### 4.5.1

An individual recovery-oriented treatment plan will be developed with all consumers, and their families and/or carers. Review of progress and planning of future goals will be integrated into the recovery plan.

Recovery planning will occur in line with local discharge planning policies and will commence from the start of the consumers admission the SUSDU.

## Comments

Recovery plans are developed on the premise that consumers can and do recover it mental illness.

Consumers mental illness may have disrupted development a trajectories. Recovery plant also need to address the developmental needs.

Recovery plans

- available surports
- crisis management strategies
  - tima apeutic goals
- intervel on proces
  - a psycholedula ional needs
  - elepse preventant strategies.

Recover lans may also include strategies for improving:

- fairly functioning
- proviocial and developmentally appropriate interests
- peer functioning
- quality of life (such as time to experience developmentally relevant play and fun)
- achievement at school / vocational goals
- mastery over the tasks of adolescence

Recovery plans will be updated at a frequency determined by change in presentation or need, but will be formally reviewed at least every week (to review routine outcome measures, treatment progress and to address any change in needs).

All changes to the recovery plan will be discussed at the Multidisciplinary Team (MDT) Review.

Child and Youth Mental Health Services Recovery Plan

Adult Mental Health Service Recovery Plan

A National Framework for Recovery Oriented Mental Health

Services: Guide for Practitioners and Providers



Key elements	Comments
4.5.2 The consumer, family and/ or carer are strongly encouraged to have ownership of, and sign, his/her recovery plans.	Changes to the recovery plan will be discussed with the consumer, family and /or carer, and relevant service providers.
4.5.3 The relationship between the consumer and his/her family and/or carer and his/her resilience is important to recovery.	Whilst adolescent consumers and further independence and mastery to separate from their family and/or carers, evidence suggests that adolescents with mental health problems require support in sonnecting with their parents and/or carers, as well as other to social support networks.
4.5.4 Every effort will be made to ensure that treatment planning focuses on the consumer's own goals.	Where consisting goals exist (e.g. for consimers receiving involuntar, seatment), the coals will be clear outlined and addressed in way the most consistent with the consumer, and the consumer and the coals and values.

## 4.6 Recovery-oriented pract

## Key elements Comments 4.6.1 Recovery-origined practice The SUS J will operate in accordance with A National aims to enable ansumers to framework or recovery-oriented mental health services: reclaim their lives beyond the lives and bory. mental illness. The Color s primary intended to provide an ammonment that acilitate this rocess. Recovery orientation areas to support the person in his her personal levelopment build self-esteen and ide to meaningful kills fail his/her potential. The recovery model is an active and assertive partnership between the person receiving care and those involved in the ongoing care. The SUSDU and other providers will deliver goal-

Key elements	Comments
oriented and assertive care and treatment, supporting the consumer's recovery journey.	
4.6.2 Peer support promotes recovery through role modelling and lived experience that helps consumers to validate and promote wellness and recovery. Based on mutual respect and personal responsibility, peer support focuses on wellness and recovery rather than on illness and disability.	Intentional Peer Support is a system of giving and receiving support in a relationship based on shared experience, mutuality, respect and co-learning. It encourages consumers to build on effective relationships that challenge them to step outside their illness story and move towards achieving the goals that are important to them.  Intentional peer support
Recovery-oriented treatment plans will be consumer focused and developed in consultation with all relevant people in the consumers' service and support network.  The consumer and have family and/or careful need to be acknowledge as the most significant partners in the recovery, at all these summer and the parations for the future, central consideration in providing their ongoine care and schabilitation.	Consumers and their faculty and/or carer/s are strongly encouraged to a remership of their recovery plan.  Consumers to the recovery plan will occur in partnership with the consumer, carers, analy and significant others, and remain section provides.

# 4.7 Clin Mittervention

Key elements	Comments
4.7.1 Consumers will have access to, and will be supported to engage in, a range of evidence-based therapeutic intervention to optimise their recovery.	Clinical interventions are tailored to individual needs according to the recovery plans.
4.7.2	

Key elements	Comments
Every effort will be made to ensure that treatment and care planning focuses on the consumer's own goals.	Where conflicting goals exist, these will be clearly outlined and addressed in a way that is most consistent with consumer's goals.
4.7.3	
All aspects of service will reflect the development of collaborative relationships between consumers, families	The focus will be on strengths, connectedness, personal involvement, personal choice, empowerment and increasing confidence in accessing the system.
and /or carers and staff.	Treatment will be provided in least restrictive setting that properly balances the copularer's autonomy with his/her need for observation and the ament in a safe environment.
	Teleconference and videoconference facilities will be available for the samilies and/or cores unable to access the SUSDU in person.
4.7.3 Clinical interventions are guided by assessment, formulation, and diagnostic	Clinical in a rentions will evidence-informal, and sensitive to a consumer and their family and/or care representative.
processes, using a bio- psychosocial developmental framework.	iment planning all consider and build on the strengths, illieu and protects factors within the individual, their family, culture and community.
4.7.4	
The ongoing edit cational and vocational needs and documented processes with	All efforts are made to ensure the least disruption to consumers education, vocation or work.
educational/vocational providers, are considered in andem with the consumer	The Supul PSP (with consent) will liaise with the base school or vocational training provider representative to determine whether the consumer's mental health issues impact on his/her academic and vocational performance.
	Consultation and planning will occur with the base school teacher/supervisor to facilitate the educational /vocational program during the admission and support reintegration into
	class/work environment upon discharge.
	Where appropriate, the consumer will be supported by in- reaching teachers who will provide onsite education support.
	The SUSDU will have a dedicated study area for consumers to engage in educational activities. This space can also be used for in-reaching educational support sessions (e.g. tutoring, distance education, DET outreach support officers). This space can be used flexibly for therapeutic and group activities as well.

Key elements	Comments
	If a consumer is not currently enrolled in an education/vocational program, or currently working in a job, every effort should be made to facilitate this where appropriate.
Family and care representatives are integral to the mental health care process. In addition to the PSP, each consumer will be assigned a SUSDU staff member who will liaise and provide family members and care representative/s with emotional and other support to ensure they are able to continue to provide care and support without experiencing deterioration in their own health and well-being.	<ul> <li>Interventions to promote recovery are as much focussed on engaging with the family and carer as the consumer.</li> <li>Recovery may include family work and parent-child work.</li> <li>Time to provide emotional support to the consumer, family and/or carers will be given adequate priority.</li> </ul> Carers matter webpage The consumer, carer and family participation framework

## 4.8 Care Coordination

## Key elements Comments 4.8.1 Care coordinators/case managers will work in partnership Every consumer in the SUSDIL will be assigned SUSDU care coordinator/care men ger with consumers to achieve the goals of their recovery plan. The care coordinator/case manager is responsible for who will be identified in coordinating appropriate assessment, care and review, and as are Principal Provider (PSP completing referral and ongoing care processes to ensure continuity of care and collaborative goal setting. Each service will develop local protocols to ensure there is a shared, clear understanding of responsibilities for coordinating consumer care. There needs to be agreed documented processes with the relevant AMHS for the joint management of consumers subject to the Mental Health Act 2000. Care coordination/case management will be managed to ensure effective use of resources and to support staff to respond to crises in a timely, effective manner. 4.8.2 The consultant psychiatrist will be identified as the internal Every consumer in the SUSDU contact, treating consultant psychiatrist, in CIMHA. will be assigned a consultant

Key elements	Comments
psychiatrist, identified in CIMHA as 'Treating Consultant Psychiatrist'	The consumer's treating team, consultant psychiatrist and care coordinator will be identified in the clinical record on CIMHA.

## 4.9 Psychological interventions

Key elements	Comments
<b>4.9.1</b> Evidence based psychological treatments will be available to consumers.	A range of psychological interventions will be available and may include cognitive being oural therapy and family therapy.
	The multidiscipling y team will have as skills to provide the most appropriate clinical intervention, putton focused problem setting and stress management activities.
4.9.2 Consumers will be supported to access a range of biopsychosocial interventions	Interventions in the dividualised, group-based or generic ograms.
which address their individual needs. Efficacy of treatment and progress will be reviewed	lingled to: psychological interventions
at least monthly, through the episode of care	non-verbal therapies [e.g. play, adventure, art, yoga and music]  o asycho-education
	<ul> <li>shower family interventions and psycho-</li> <li>ducation</li> <li>individualised behavioural programs</li> <li>pharmacotherapy</li> </ul>
	referral to community follow up family therapy if indicated
	Group interventions may include but are not limited to:         - a range of tailored group activities, predominantly activity based, targeting areas of psychological and developmental need.
	A structured group and educational timetable will be available to consumers, families and/or carers.
	Generic interventions may include but are not limited to:  — maintaining a milieu with professional staff reflecting appropriate levels of care, supervision, personal boundaries, safety, problem solving and management of the consumer group to maximise
	each consumers care  - forming appropriate therapeutic alliances  - programmes and forums in the community

Key elements	Comments
	<ul> <li>providing opportunities for activities of daily living, leisure, social interaction and personal privacy.</li> </ul>
	Interventions will include relapse prevention programs/techniques.

## 4.10 Psychosocial rehabilitation

Correct Constitution with	The same of the sa
Key elements	Comments
4.10.1	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Evidence based psychosocial rehabilitation will be available according to individual needs.	This includes rehabilitation to pain skills for activities of daily living, including: personal care, thily living skills, parenting (if relevant), community access, education or vocation education, employment, and social stalls.  The multiple polinary team will have the stalls to implement rehabilitation programs
	The care coordinate of partnership with the consumer and of the guidance from the multidisciplinary team, will determine expention required and by whom, to actively assist in a pixiding of the remained on individual needs and results of specific assessment.

## 4.11 Psych -education programs

### Key elements Comments 4.11.1 Topics of ered will include recovery, mental health Individual aroup education programs will information, symptom management, medication management and side effects, alcohol and substance use available for all con erers. interventions, mindfulness, and trauma-informed care. Psycho-education will be included in the program, which incorporates a range of components: psycho-education and information about mental health disorder/s or problem/s ensuring there is shared understanding of all aspects of the clinical risk management, with explicit documented evidence of the shared understanding in the clinical file understanding the clinical care pathway within the mental health service Consumers, carers, family and The needs of consumers of parents with a mental illness will be considered, including facilitation of age-appropriate significant others will have access to education and information. information at all stages of Children of Parents with a Mental Illness (COPMI) contact with the service.

Key elements	Comments
The second secon	

## 4.12 Physical health

Key elements	Comments
4.12.1 Physical health issues will be routinely addressed in partnership with all consumers of the SUSDU and other	Metabolic monitoring will be maintained and documented on a Queensland Health form for SUSDU consumers and uploaded to CIMHA.
external service providers, including GPs.	All consumers will be entour bed to have access to a GP.
	Information will be shared with a based on a mutually agreed plan.
	The SUSE consultant psychiatrist will have tain written and verbal consultant will the GP through an episode of
	care, and an change intreatment will be promptly communicated.
	will be provided with results of assessments, he results and ongoing care recommendations.
	Chic and You was at Hearth Services Physical  Examination and Investment of Prince Physical  Examination and Investment of Prince Physical  Examination of Pri
	Adult Health Services Physical Examination and Investig on form
X (\$ )	

# 4.2 Lity & daily living assistance

Ó	Key elements	Comments
7	Assessment of activity daily living a lity, including sonal care and amestic tax will be provided. With recommens are currently and action perform	A comprehensive skill assessment carried out in the initial stages of SUSDU assessment will be conducted, if clinically indicated. This assessment will form the basis of a graded rehabilitation program as indicated.
	these tasks, a signs development program will be facilitated.	Maximising activity of daily living independence for all consumers will be an essential component of the rehabilitation.

## 4.14 Medication management

Key elements	Comments
4.14.1	
	The medication goals of the consumer, family and/or carer/s

Medication will be prescribed, administered and monitored as indicated by clinical need, and will involve shared decision making processes between the treating team, the consumer, family and/or carers.

Carers / Families of the consumer are responsible for obtaining the necessary medications.

## Comments

will be integrated with evidence-based clinical treatment guidelines.

Medication adherence is enhanced when rationales for pharmacological intervention are provided to consumers and carers.

Framework for reducing adverse medication events in mental health services.

### 4.14.2

Across all treatment settings, prescribing, dispensing and administration of medicines will comply with Queensland Health policies, guidelines and standards.

Medication is reviewed by the SUS medical practitioners at regular intervers and, where application an ongoing joint medication monitoring program will be not strated with the other health service providers involved.

Monitoring of the some medication will be routinely medication.

Monitoring a medication de-effects will be routinely connected with an emphasis on metabolic complications of psychological according to the earment.

Strategian focussing on medication adherence will be in place.

### 4.14.3

The SUSDIA will ensure that the ansume amily analor carer are advised how to obtain supplies or an dication Supply operescribed medication for leave or discharge will be coordinated by the SUSDU.

Mental health pharmacists or an appropriate delegate will provide medication counselling to consumers, families and/or carers prior to discharge.

Information providing accurate details of discharge medications will be provided to all healthcare providers involved in the care of the consumer (e.g. GP, Community CYMHS, private psychiatrist, and community pharmacy).

Medication liaison on discharge
Health Support Queensland - Medicines
Therapeutic guidelines-psychotropic
Psychotropic Medication Information Leaflets
Guidelines for the safe use of antipsychotics in
Schizophrenia.

Mental Health Services Metabolic Monitoring form
Child and Youth Mental Health Services Consumer End of
Episode/Discharge Summary

Key elements	Comments

## 4.15 Alcohol, tobacco and other drug interventions

### Key elements Comments 4.15.1 The multidisciplinary team will be able to provide drug. Consumption of alcohol. tobacco and alcohol intervention including motivational tobacco and illicit nonprescribed drugs is prohibited interviewing. SUSDU will us multi-step motivational model of recovery. The transfer approach follows a series in the SUSDU. Therapy and of actions consistent with making or sustaining a change. support will be provided to The treatment will consider the interaction of mental illness consumers to address coand substance use occurring drug and alcohol issues. It is important to note that the SUSDU a not a drug and alcohol with lawal facility. Referrals requiring services linked to a land alcohol use will be referred to other suitable services The SUSDU will have e and maintain effective links with diagnosis coordinators, alcohol and other drugs s vices and other community drug and alcohol treatment services. Quee la fealth de lagnosis policy-Service delivery for pecal with dual diagnosis Queens and Health Dual Diagnosis Clinical Guidelines Queensland Health Dual Diagnosis Clinician Toolkit 4.15.2 Harm manisation principles will be utilised where relevant. Information and advice address alcohol tobacco ng use will be a tinely Co-occurring alcohol, tobacco and drug problems will be rovided. For some ansume addressed in the recovery plan. Where other services are involved in the care of the consumer they will be included in a lemative or addition subject may be require the care planning process.

## 4.16 Crisis Management

Key elements	Comments
4.16.1 There are instances where increased levels of intervention are necessary for the management of symptoms and/or behaviours that increase the risk of harm to the	Crisis is seen as an opportunity to learn and reinforce coping strategies as part of recovery, and plans are to be developed in consultation with consumers and significant others.  Mental health services—Crisis intervention plan.

Advice on alternative services will be available.

Key elements	Comments
consumer or others.	
	A specific management plan will address consumer distress and any associated behavioural disturbance. The plan will include predictors, triggers, signs and symptoms of increasing agitation/impending aggression, and will be developed for every consumer whose risk assessment identifies actual or potential aggression as an issue. The plan will list preventative strategies and de-escalation strategies, and must also be supported by the availability of appropriately prescribed medication.  Intervention strategies will reliade:  — increased visual bases ation  — de-escalation connique  — development or a management plan  — targeting the specific behaviour or symptom  — use directication to relieve agin ion/aggression  — utilisation of Non-Violent Crisis Inc., ention (NVCI) techniques
	All staff working a SUSDU Unit will have attended Non-balent Crisis Internation (NVCI) training.  In high risk actuations and be clinically indicated for a consumer to be transferred to an acute inpatient observation area or unit to ensure the safety of other consumer on the SUSDU.  In high risk actuations and be clinically indicated for a consumer to be transferred to an acute inpatient observation area or unit to ensure the safety of other consumer on the SUSDU.  In high risk actuations and be clinically indicated for a consumer to be transferred to an acute inpatient observation training actually indicated for a consumer to be transferred to an acute inpatient observation and acute inpatient of the consumer to be clinically practice guidelines.  All staff working actually united to (NVCI) training.  In high risk actuations are immediately informed of changes in actually actually indicated for a consumer to be clinically indicated for a c

# 4.17 Team Approach

Key elements	Comments
4.17.1 A multidisciplinary team approach will be provided.	The consumer, family and/or care representatives will be informed of the multidisciplinary model.
	Recognition of the need for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander mental health workers within the MDT is integral for consumers, carers and families that identify as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander.

Key elements	Comments
	Discipline specific skills and knowledge will be utilised as appropriate in all aspects of service provision.
	Clinical, discipline and peer supervision will be available to all staff.
	Efforts to support team functioning must focus on an integrated approach between clinical and SUSDU support staff to service provision. A recular team processes must be in place to review distinctions and similarities in the roles and responsibilities of clinical and SUSDU support staff.
4.17.2 Caseloads will be monitored by the leadership team consisting of the clinical lead (preferably a nurse) and the SUSDU support staff lead worker (and other staff as appropriate) to ensure effective use of resources and to support staff to respond to crises in a timely, effective manner.	
4.17.3 Clear clinical and a parational leadership will be a ovided for staff and for the seam.	There ill a well-defined and clearly documented local proces or escalation of discipline-specific clinical issues.  It is highly commended that a regular monthly meeting is cur between the clinical lead and SUSDU support staff lead, together with their respective line managers, to review service operations, and discuss issues in leadership team functioning.

## 4.18 antinuity and coordination of care

Key elements	Comments
4.18.1 Clearly documented mental health service contact information (covering access	Provision of this information will be documented in the clinical record, including the recovery plan and the discharge summary.
24 hours, 7 days per week) is provided to consumers, families, and /or carer/s, referral sources and other relevant supports.	Relevant information documents detailing specific service response information will be readily available.
4.18.2 Every consumer will have a	Recorded in the CIMHA as the internal contact, treating

Key elements	Comments
designated treating consultant psychiatrist at the SUSDU.	consultant psychiatrist.
4.18.3 Every consumer will be assigned a Principal Service Provider (PSP).	Recorded in CIMHA as the internal contact, PSP. The PSP is responsible for co-ordinating appropriate assessment, care and review, and completing referral and ongoing care processes. In the event a consumer identifies as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (ATSI), an ATSI mental health worker or an Indigenous health worker as assigned to the consumer to participate in ongoing service provision.
4.18.4 Each consumer will be allocated focal clinical and SUSDU support workers for each shift.	Consumers will be aware of the fount staff on each shift.
4.18.5 The SUSDU will actively engage with other treating teams in coordination of care across inpatient (acute and non-acute) and community settings.	
4.18.6 Where applicable, the consumer's treating team will be identified in the dinical record. MDT Review domain and communication will be maintained with the treating and throughout the inpatient press of care.	The PSP am Community CYMHS or other treating team will be received in CIMHA and remain constant during an in the state of
4.18.7 Community sed ports are included ery planning and dis harge planning wherever possible.	NGO service providers who have established (or are establishing) support links with consumers, families, and/or carer/s will be given access to the SUSDU as appropriate.  All community based supports will be co-ordinated prior to
	discharge.  The process for sharing information will be explicitly documented for each case, taking existing privacy, confidentiality and consent considerations into account.
	Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011 – Part 7 Confidentiality

Key elements	Comments
	Child and Youth Mental Health Services Consumer End of Episode/Discharge Summary

## 4.19 Transfer / Internal Transition of Care

Kay alamanta	Community
TALL A STREET ST	Counters
4.19.2 Disengagement by the SUSDU will only occur after receiving team and he familiand/or carer/s have been contacted regarding follow upcare arrangements	Guidelines for internal transfer will be clearly planned, documented and shared with the receiving teams before transfer is concluded.  A verbal handover will be provided on the day of transfer.  During the transfer of phase there will be an appropriate plan to ensure small transfer of care which actudes the early engagement of all service providers in one oling care.  Child and You Ment Calth Services Consumer End of Episode/Dischart Amary Jult Mental Heart Services Consumer End of Independent of the part of the par
	not to attend the follow up.  Hyperlink to Inter-District Transfer policy when available
4.19.3 Local protocols for out of area transfers will be mutually agreed and documented.	Information on inter-HHS transfers between CYMHS is available in the below document:

key elements	Comments
Typen begann	Hyperlink to Inter-District Transfer policy when available
4.19.4 Where possible, consumers will not be transferred to another HHS during crisis.	Where transfer is unavoidable, both services need to make direct contact and ensure safe transfer (service capability will be considered).
<b>4.19.5</b> Consumers, family and/or carer/s will be informed of transfer procedures.	Appropriate crisis plans will be prepared with the consumer, family and/or carer/s.

# 4.20 Discharge / External Transition of Care

Key elements	Comments
A.20.1 Planning for discharge from a SUSDU will commence at the time of admission. Consumers will be discharged promptly, as clinically indicated and in accordance with their individual recovery plan.	Consumers, the results and/or carers, the referrer and other key stakeholders will be actively engaged in discharge planting from the time of admission.  Discharge planting will be routine component of each climed review.  Consumers, their family, and/ or carer will be asked to sign their discharge plan.  It is highly commended that the involvement of Aboriginal and these strait Islander (ATSI) mental health workers is prioritised for transfer/discharge of consumers of ATSI descent.  HHS mental health services will give priority to consumers transferring back to their HHS from the SUSDU. This ensures that the consumer does not remain in the SUSDU longer than is deemed clinically necessary.  Discharge planning should also consider accommodation and support needs for consumers who are homeless or at risk of homelessness.
4.20.2 Discharge planning will include a recovery plan, and incorporate strategies for relapse prevention, crisis management and clearly articulated service re-entry processes.	Child and Youth Mental Health Services Recovery Plan form Adult Mental Health Services Recovery Plan form The recovery, relapse prevention and crisis management plans will be provided to the consumer, family and/ or carer, GP and relevant support agencies.

Key elements	Comments
4.20.3 Where consumers are absent without leave, there will be documented evidence of attempts to contact the consumer, his/her family and /or carer/s, and other service providers (e.g. QPS), before discharge.  4.20.4 Where the consumer is subject to provisions of the Mental Health Act 2000 there will be documented evidence that all statutory requirements have been met.  4.20.5 Discharge will occur when the young person is at a stage of recovery where they have graduated to needing less intensive care and have supports in place to	Mental Health Act 20  Mental Health Act 20  Mental Health Act 20  Consultation of the consultation with SUSDU staff and in consultation of time wits for service provision.  Consultation of time wits for service provision.  Consultation of time wits for service provision.
the community, a maximum of 2 says [subject to review]  4.2.6 Considerensive liaison and handous will occur with all service puriders who will contribute to engoing care post-discharge	Day Place am may be encouraged to assist the transition and facilitate rehabilitation and recovery goals).  Child and the Mental Health Services Consumer End of Discharge Summary  Adult Mental Health Services Consumer End of Episode/Discharge Summary  All clinicians are responsible for confirming that a follow up appointment has been made prior to discharge (where the consumer/family have refused follow up, this will be documented in the clinical record).  All clinicians are responsible for ensuring that discharge letters are sent to key health service providers (e.g. GP)
	within 48 hours.  Discharge summaries need to be comprehensive and indicate diagnosis, treatment, progress of care, recommendations for ongoing care, and procedures for rereferral.  Relapse patterns and risk management information will be clearly outlined.

Key elements	Comments
	A follow-up direct contact with ongoing key health service providers (e.g. GP) will occur to ensure the discharge letter was received.
	Queensland Health Child and Youth Mental Health Services State-wide Standardised Suite of Clinical Documentation User Guide Suite of Clinical Documents
	The PSP will contact the follow up service provider to ensure they accept the referent for ongoing provision of care (this will be noted in the low mer clinical record).  Consumers discharge from the SUSDU will be seen by the receiving team in a timely manner.
4.20.7 The consumer, family and or/carer/s will be supported to make a follow up appointment with their GP, or other suitable follow up service provider, prior	
to discharge.	

## 4.21 Collection of data, according to a document and an according to the document and according to the data.

## Key elements Co

The SUSDU will enter and review all required internation in all required in the with approved state and all Susiness rules.

#### Comments

Cliv... iness rule

#### 4 7 4 9

4.21.1

The SDU will utilise outine outcome neasures as part of assessment recover lanning and service relationent.

These will include those mandated through the National Outcomes and Casemix Collection (NOCC):

- Health of the Nation
   Outcome Scales for
   Children and Adolescents
   (HoNOSCA)
- Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ)

Outcomes data is presented at all formal case reviews and will be an item on the relevant meeting agendas.

Results of outcomes are routinely discussed with consumers and their families and or carers.

Outcomes data is used with consumers to:

- a. record details of symptoms and functioning
- b. monitor changes
- c. review progress and plan future goals in the recovery plan

Mental Health Outcomes Collection Protocol
Outcome and Casemix measures for mental health services

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Health Services
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tration of
VIOLENCE DE SELECTE DE SECRET SALVENTE

# 4.22 Warking with families, carers and friends

Key elements	Comments
4.22.1 The involvement of families and carers is integral to successful outcomes and therefore their engagement is	Consumer/Guardian consent to disclose information and to involve family and/or carers in care will be sought in every case.
incorporated into every component of service provision.	Guardianship and Administration Act 2000 Carers matter The consumer, carer and family participation framework Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011 – Part 7

Key elements	Comments
they enaments	
	Confidentiality Right to Information and Information Privacy
	Information sharing between mental health workers.
	consumers, carers, family and significant others.
4.22.2	
Education and information will	This will include a range of components such as:
be provided to the consumer,	<ul> <li>education and information about the mental illness</li> </ul>
family and/or carer/s at all stages of contact with the	or mental health issues
service.	<ul> <li>the journey within the service</li> <li>mental health care consens</li> </ul>
	- pharmacotherapy
	- support services
	- recovery pathways
	contact in a mation for the librarial health service and relevant external service products.
	relevant A Remai service providents
	Education and information provided will be accumented.
4.22.3	
The needs of families and/or	Identification of and their needs is part of the
carer/s must be routinely	assessment proce and is included in care planning.
addressed.	
4.22.4	
Support services will be	Support may be purified by a member of the mental
offered to families and same	health er re organisation or another organisation.
regardless of whather consensis given for their pivolvement	
the consumer are.	
4.22.5 Consumers who are salaren	Child I Art 1000
rents with mental	Child Protection Act 1999  Mental health child protection form
Muless, will be rounnely	Family support form
considered as part all assessments and interventions	Children of parents with a mental illness (COPMI) website
provided.	
If a consumer of a SUDU is	
pregnant of paren with primary care to be sibilities,	
his/her infants/ children will be	
routinely considered as part of	
all assessments. Interventions will be provided/ facilitated if	
needed.	

## 4.23 Mental health peer support services

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Key elements	Comments	

Key elements	Comments
4.23.1 All consumers, families and/or carers will be offered information and assistance to	Peer support services may be provided by internal or external services.
access local peer support services.	Consumer and carer consultants are accessible via the local HHS mental health service.

#### 5. Related services

Mental health services operate in a complex, multi-system environment which includes crucial interactions with other areas of Queensland Health Academic Alcohol Tobacco and Other Drug Services and Community Health), other Queensland Avernment departments (e.g. the Department of Education and Training, Department of Communities, Child Safety and Disability Services and Justice and Department of Housing and Public Works), General Practitions, private providers, in government organisations and other relevant services.

The SUSDU should be integrated and coordinated, with specialist mental health services and external service providers for consumers are ensured continuity of care across the service system and through the consumers evelopmental transitions. Staff should have a comprehensive knowled, and understanting of the services available that support/provide health and mental health are. Relationships should be initiated and maintained with these external service provides and support services. An up-to-date resources databation and be manually the SDU.

Key internal relationships include

- continuing the teams including CCYMPS, AMYOS, Adolescent Day Program and the Youth Residential Residulitation Units (Louth Resi)
- acute adolescent inpatient unit (AA)

Effective relationships (and a working knowledge of the service they provide) must also be seveloped with other internal service providers including (but not limited to):

consultation liaisen psychiatri services

- Insitional housing cams
- horseless health out each teams
- transcularal mental ealth
- forensic handal math services
- HHS forensic lasson officers
- dual diagnosis coordinators
- alcohol and other drugs services
- dual disability coordinators

SUSDU should work collaboratively with Education Queensland to enable a comprehensive and tailored educational program within SUSDU.

Other key (local) relationships include (but are not limited to);

- primary care providers (e.g. GPs, community health)
- community pharmacy

- community managed mental health (CMMH) organisations and other community support services
- · vocational and education support services
- · health and fitness organisations
- · recreational facilities and other community services
- · hospital emergency departments
- emergency services (e.g. Queensland Police Service, Queensland Ambulance Service)
- National Disability Insurance Agency.

#### 6. Caseload

The size of the caseload of a SUSDU will be determined by the back apacity, and the capacity of the consultant psychiatrist and clinical leady Team Leader provide safe, high quality clinical governance. Consideration will be given to team systems and processes such as clinical pathways.

Caseload sizes will consider a range of factor including analy and complexity of need, and skill mix within the team. Care is proved in the orm of an intensive case management/care coordination model. Case management are coordinators are assigned as primary or secondary service problem to an appropriate number of consumers based on skill mix, level of experience; and consumer numbers. Team work is a core component of the model of care, industing the mating multipliciplinary team and other agencies in partnership with the consumer.

Psychosocial rehabitions be delived to a multidisciplinary team incorporating the skills of nursing psychologic occupation therapy, social work, peer support and medical practitioners. Partners it is will be a lively sought with the community managed mental health (CMMH) sector

The proportion of disciplines at each size with legically determined, within the guidelines are levant policy and funding guidelines, incorporating the following:

- wery SUSD will have a designated Team Leader and a consultant psychiatrist a consultant psychiatrist will be available for urgent case reviews as per the local arrangements (this hay be via telephone or telehealth)
- all applicable permanently appointed clinical staff will be appointed (or working towards becoming)
   horised mental health practitioners
- there we be medical epresentation at all multidisciplinary team reviews and ad-hoc and/or formal care eviews
- clinical staff deliver both specialist discipline-specific assessments and interventions of a generic nature
- the staffing profile might include allied health assistants, peer support workers and psychosocial rehabilitation staff
- day to day operations of the unit may be supported by administrative staff, maintenance and hygiene staff
- administrative support is essential for the efficient delivery of service in a SUSDU
- consumers and carers will be provided with access to members of the consumer/carer workforce, ATSI workforce, and other specialist service providers

- the SUSDU will provide clinical placements for undergraduate and postgraduate students where supported by current staff skill and availability
- the rotation of staff through the SUSDU from other parts of the integrated mental health service is encouraged to support further education and skill development

SUSDU provides a 24 hour service, which requires community care staff to be continuous shift workers. Nurses on the unit will be present between the hours of 8:00 am and 10:00 pm. The model of nursing care will be a combination of case management and patient allocation. The skill mix and patient complexity is taken into consideration when allocating nursing staff. The patient will be informed of their focal nurse for each shift.

#### Workforce

The staffing profile for SUSDU is comprised of a multidisciplinary mix clinical and non-clinical staff. Treatment and care is provided a clinical mental healt, workers including doctors, nurses and allied health staff music and art therapists, as sell as a range of non-clinical staff including ATSI Mental Health Workers, community and staff, and education staff from the Department of Education and training (DET). Involvement of and access to consumer and carer consultants and overy support workers should be facilitated within the integrated in stall health service. Additionally, the multidisciplinary team is supported by additional staff who assist with the day to day operations of the unit

All SUSDU support staff will have completed or currently enrolled in a certificate 4 in mental health as a manner availification

The effectiveness of SUSDU is dependent on an adequate number of appropriately trained clinical and non-clinical saff. The complexity of consumers accessing the service suggests an end of the staff with antinuing education programs, clinical supervision, and mentions and other applicable staff support mechanisms. The SUSTUS under these evidence-based recruitment and retention strategies such as providing clinical placement for undergraduate and post-graduate students, accouraging rotations through the unit for staff from other areas of the integrated mention health service, and supporting education and research opportunities.

### 8. Ream clinical governance

SUSDU operate the direction of a Clinical Director from the local HHS, Clinical Staff Team Leader (who will preferably be a nurse), and SUSDU Support Staff Team Leader. Clear reporting roles ensure effective management and the efficiency of service delivery. Multidisciplinary team work is essential. Clear clinical, operational and professional leadership will be established and communicated to all stakeholders.

All SUSDU will identify a single point of clinical accountability for every consumer.

Multidisciplinary team work is essential as consumers receive treatment and care from a range of specialist medical, nursing, allied health, therapy and SUSDU support workers, with appropriate qualifications, skills and experience.

All admitted consumers will be discussed at a clinical review meeting within 24 hours of admission and at MDT reviews conducted regularly. A consultant psychiatrist will participate in the MDT Review. A consultant psychiatrist or appropriate delegate will participate in regular clinical review meetings. This may be direct participation or via telehealth.

SUSDU exist within a continuum of integrated mental health services and other health services. Services are provided in partnership with the consumer, his/her family and carer/s as well as a range of other government and non-government organisations (NGOs).

## 9. Hours of operation

24 hours a day, 7 days a week. This includes public holidays.

### 10. Staff training

Staff will be provided with continuing education provided, mandatory training, clinical supervision and other support mechanisms provided that they are clinically competent. Staff are encouraged proported in words to a towards the attainment of specialised mental health qualifications. A paining will be provided on best practice principles and evidence-based treatment guides and under binned by the National Framework for Recovery Oriented Med at Health seeds.

All clinical staff must be engaged in relevant professional development to ensure contemporary and evidence-based intervention and treatment is provided to consumers, their carer/s and family. The clinical acuity and complexity of consumers accessing inpatient services to on the rise. There is growing focus on the integrated approach to managing the craumatical consumers in mental health care settings. Specialists alls are required to manage escalating behaviours as a result of trauma, including attaching at issue and affect deregulation. All clinicians are to be adequately trained in these specialist skills to provide effective evidenced-informed interventions.

Invalvement in research activities is also highly desirable. This is also a requirement for an unal registration vita the governing bodies of most disciplines.

Training should be based on best practice principles and will be underpinned by the recovery framework are encouraged to make the relevant components of their training available their service partners (e.g. NGOs, GPs).

Education and training should include (but will not be limited to):

- orientation training for new staff, including information regarding any relevant clinical and operational aspects that may be specific to an individual service
- promotion, prevention, and early intervention strategies to build resilience and promote recovery and social and emotional wellbeing for children and adolescents and their families and /or carer/s
- developmentally appropriate assessment and treatment
- risk assessment and management, and associated planning and intervention

- Mental Health Act 2000
- National Standards for Mental Health Services 2010
- evidenced-informed practice in service delivery
- consumer-focused recovery planning
- routine Outcomes measurement training
- a range of treatment modalities including individual, group and family-based therapy
- an understanding of key theoretical frameworks including child & adolescent development, attachment, complex trauma, grief and loss, and family systems theory
- child safety services training
- perinatal and infant mental health training
- knowledge of mental health diagnostic classification
- · medication management
- communication and interpersonal processes
- provisions for the maintenance of discipline specific core competencies
- supervision skills
- cultural capability training
- · alcohol and drug assessment and intervention
- family therapy

#### 11. The SUSDU functions best when

- consumers, family and/or arers, and the service provider's are engaged and involved in all aspects of case planning and delivery
- there is an olicit attitude not consume can and do recover from mental illness
- there is an advantate skill in with senior wel clinical expertise and knowledge being demonstrated by the majority and facross all shifts
- there are clear and strong clinical and operational leadership roles which recognise each other strengths and work to form a collaborative relationship
- senior staff, including medical staff, take an active role in fostering the development of clinical skills to less experienced staff
- are provided with adequate professional support and training
- state provided with peer supervision/clinical supervision, including reflective practice.
- service delivery integrated, with established procedures that support continuity of care across seturities and between services
- there is unit integration with local mental health services, specifically community Child and Youth Mental Health Services, acute hospital services, Department of Emergency Medicine (DEM), and primary care supports
- there is adherence to evidence informed care, treatments, interventions and processes
- a range of performance, quality and safety indicators are actively utilised to inform service planning and provision
- there is a culture of openness and responsiveness to service user feedback.
- clinical governance is intrinsically embedded throughout all processes and practices within the service.

Adolescent Step Up Step Down Unit - Model of Service - Queensland Public Mental Health Services

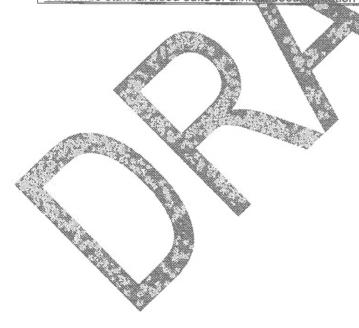
## 12. Key Resources

## 12.1 Website resources

Resour	ce
A nation	al framework for recovery-oriented mental health services:
Guide fo	r practitioners and providers
A Nation	al framework for recovery-oriented mental health services: Policy and theory
CheckU	P (formerly General Practice Queensland)
	otection Act 1999
Child Pro	otection guidelines at the Queensland Health policy site
Children	of Parents with a Mental Illness (COPMI)
	nd medication
Clinical k	(nowledge Network
Clinical S	Services Capability Framework
	nts and compliments about health services
	s/hearing loss and mental health service
Dual diag	
Fees and	Charges Register
Forensic	
Guideline	for clinical incident management Health vice D ve QH-HSDGDL-032-2
Health Le	egislation Amendment Bill 2014
	and Health Boards Act 201
	us mental health
Information	on sharing between mental dalth thers, consum, carers, family and
significan	
	al peer support
Mental he	ealth statement in in its and res and res and its and res and res are a second result
Multicultu	ral mental suitin
National	practice indards for mental h in workforce 2013
National S	Safet and Quality He Service Standards 2012
National	stand: 's for mental,' with services 2 0
Principles	and ac s for se king with dren of parents with mental illness
Protecting	Children's Was recopied & H-FOL-0/8:2012
-20 -20	Health Ab a mal and Torres Sus / Islander Cultural Capability Framework
ueensla	nd Heal Yual dia sis policy-Service delivery for people with dual diagnosis
Queensla	nd Health propreter vice
<b>Cubeensla</b>	nd transcult. Imental alth centre
Resigne	endations for minology, Abbreviations and Symbols used in the Prescribing
and and	nistration of Medicines
Recove	neasures: The Australian context
Recovery	ented Pix ices Index (ROPI)
Recovery	Ok stems Indicators Measure (ROSI)
Recovery	Self-Assessment (RSA)
The Menta	al Health Act 2000–Forensic provisions
Therapeut	ic Guidelines-Psychotropic
Working w	rith parents with mental illness-guidelines for mental health clinicians

### 12.2 Queensland Health intranet (QHEPS) resources

#### Resource CIMHA-handbooks, manuals and resources CIMHA-Standard business processes Clinical safety and quality model governance framework- Patient safety unit Clinical supervision guidelines for mental health services Consumer Integrated Mental Health Application (CIMHA) Dual diagnosis-clinical guidelines Information sharing-Child safety Medication liaison on discharge Mental Health Alcohol and Other Drugs Branch resources Mental health alcohol and other drugs quality and safety Mental health child protection form Mental health services-Consumer care review summary and plan Mental health services-Consumer end of care/discha Mental health services-Crisis intervention plan Mental health services-Risk screening tool My recovery plan Queensland Health mental health case manage and policy framework Protecting children and young people Clinical incident management resources Sharing responsibility for recovery Statewide standardised suite of clin and amentation Statewide standardised suite of clinical docu Mation user da



#### **Abbreviations**

AAHI	ALL
AAIU	Adolescent Acute Inpatient Unit
ACL	Allen's Cognitive Levels
AC-QoL	Adult Carer Quality of Life
AMHS	Authorised Mental Health Service
AUDIT	Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test
BAS	Burden Assessment Scale
BPRS	Brief Psychiatric Rating Scale
CCU	Community Care Unit
CSCF	Clinical Services Capability Framework
CMMH	Community managed mental health
CIMHA	Consumer Integrated Mental Health Application
FO	Forensic Order
GP	General practitioner
HoNOS	Health of the Nation Outcome Scale
HHS	Hospital and Health Service
ITO	Involuntary Treatment Order
LSP	Life Skills Profile
MHI	Mental Health Inventory
PRPP	Perceive Recall Plan and Pension System of Task Analysis
PSP	Primary Support Provider
ROPI	Recovery-Oriented Practices Index
ROSI	Recovery Oriented Systems Indicator Sure
RPFS	Recovery Promotion 2 Melity Scale
RSA	Recovery Self-Assessment
SANS	Scale for the Assessment or a lative Symptonia
SUSDU	Step Up/Step Down Unit

