DG 076 890
ODG DATE RECEIVED 1 5 APR 2015
Previous/related/similar to
DG delegated to
Comments
Acknowledgement letter completed
ACTION OFFICER
REPLY FOR DG'S SIGNATURE REQUIRED
due (to DG Corro)
briefing note also required
ACTION DIRECT*
direct action required by////
DG Corro to be advised of completion
Copy of response (letter or email) required
NRR – (No response required - for information only)
COMMENTS
*Nomination of an item as 'action direct' requires the actioning area to determine whether a response is required. The actioning area is also responsible for determining who the appropriate signatory of the response should be.

DG Dg correspondence

From:	QMHC Corro
Sent:	Wednesday, 15 April 2015 12:08 PM
То:	DG Dg correspondence
Subject:	Letter to Dr Michael Cleary from Mental Health Commissioner
Attachments:	Letter to DG Health - continuation of strategic plan.pdf

Categories:

Kath

Good afternoon

Please see attached letter to the A/Director-General from the Queensland Mental Health Commissioner.

Original is in the mail.

Kind regards

Bronwyn Horder Executive Support Officer Queensland Mental Health Commission

a: PO Box 13027 George Street QLD 4003

w: www.gmhc.gld.gov.au

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Queensland Mental Health Commission

Enquiries to: Carmel Ybarlucea Executive Directive File Ref: 2015/865 Date: 14 April 2015

Dr Michael Cleary A/Director-General Department of Health GPO Box 48 BRISBANE QLD 4001

Dear Dr Cleary

I write to advise you that the Honourable Cameron Dick MP, Minister for Health and Minister for Ambulance Services has agreed that work should continue to implement the *Queensland Mental Health Drug and Alcohol Strategic Plan 2014-2019*.

It would therefore be appropriate to commence development of a new Mental Health, Drug and Alcohol Services Plan (Shared Commitment 7) which is to be led by your agency.

The Commission is working with your agency on several initiatives under the Strategic Plan. Working groups are currently progressing Action Plans focused on: mental health awareness, prevention and early intervention; suicide prevention; preventing and reducing the adverse impact of alcohol and drugs; and rural and remote wellbeing. in addition, there is ongoing discussion with staff of the Aboriginal Health Branch and the Commission about how we can jointly work to develop an Action Plan for the mental health and wellbeing of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islanders.

In relation to Shared Commitment 6: More integrated health service delivery, I will arrange to meet with the Director Mental Health and/or Chief Psychiatrist to discuss this further. However, I believe we can make some progress towards this by taking an integrated approach to the implementation of the Government's election commitments. To that end, I attach a copy of a paper I have discussed with the Minister and will make public following the Advisory Council meeting on 20 April 2015.

I look forward to discussing these and any other relevant matters at our next meeting.

Yours sincerely

Dr Lesley van Schoubroeck Mental Health Commissioner Queensland Mental Health Commission

Enc: Government Policy Commitments: Opportunities to Improve Mental Health and Wellbeing

April 2015

GOVERNMENT POLICY COMMITMENTS: OPPORTUNITIES TO IMPROVE MENTAL HEALTH AND WELLBEING

Queensland Mental Health Commission

Issues paper

Background

The Queensland Mental Health Commission was established to drive ongoing reform towards a more integrated, evidence-based, recovery-oriented mental health and substance use system. The Queensland Mental Health Drug and Alcohol Strategic Plan 2014-2019 provides a platform to achieve long term sustainable reform.

This paper summarises the key elements of the Queensland Government's policy commitments published January–March 2015 relevant to improving the mental health and wellbeing of Queenslanders.

The Queensland Mental Health Commission provides a view on how each of these commitments can be implemented to support better outcomes for people with mental health and drug and alcohol problems, consistent with the *Queensland Mental Health Drug and Alcohol Strategic Plan 2014-2019*.

The Commission welcomes the opportunity and will continue to work in partnership with government to support the implementation of reforms.

Labor action plan for a healthier Queensland

This policy statement includes an aim to maximise the health potential of Queenslanders through investment in wellness programs that promote and maintain good physical and mental health and prevent illness and injury.

Commission comment

Specific commitments for additional investment are focused on physical health. Given the overrepresentation of people with mental health issues and drug and alcohol issues on measures of poor physical health, it would be appropriate that a proportion of the budget is allocated towards addressing the needs of this target population. There is a significant gap in the life expectancy of those living with mental illness and the rest of the population. A study undertaken in Western Australian in 2005 indicated that the life expectancy gap between people living with mental illness and the rest of the population was 15.9 years for men and 12 years for women (Lawrence et al. 2013).

Physical health of people with mental illness¹

- 26.1% compared with 14.7% of the general population smoke daily.
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 obese/overweight
- 21.3% compared with 19% of the general population at risk of long term harm from alcohol
- 16.7% compared with 9.2% have asthma
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The needs of young people, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people and people from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds also need to be explored to ensure that new investment in health responses will benefit the whole community, particularly those at greatest risk of harm.

New Investment must also aim to better meet the needs of people living in rural and remote areas.

Employment

This policy aims to work towards full employment in Queensland, by providing opportunities for all Queenslanders who are able to participate in our economy. It acknowledges that the government has a

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critical role to play in the provision of employmentbased training and apprenticeship opportunities for our youth, and understands that providing these opportunities is an integral part of creating a strong economy.

Commission comment

Meaningful employment plays a crucial role in overall wellbeing. Unfortunately Australia ranks amongst the worst OECD countries for the rate of employment of people with a disability including mental health issues (National Mental Health Commission 2013). To help all members of the community live purposeful lives, the system needs to operate in support of people with diverse needs, including mental health issues, some of whom will require flexibility in their working arrangements.

For young people, positive experiences of education attainment, whether they be academic, sporting, creative, technical or vocational, act as a foundation for better life outcomes, including employment outcomes and better mental health outcomes.

Employment initiatives will need to include strategies that focus on opening pathways and removing barriers to educational and vocational achievement for people, particularly young people, living with mental health difficulties.

Nursing guarantee

This policy statement includes a commitment to 400 additional nurses, additional staff to help people navigate from GPs to inpatient and back to community, 20 people in the patient quality and safety improvement area and 5FTE to deliver consumer representative training.

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All these functions are relevant to mental health, drug and alcohol service delivery. It is estimated that mental health services are around 10% of Queensland's overall health budget. It would therefore be appropriate that a proportion of no less than 10% was allocated to improvements in the mental health, drug and alcohol sector.

increasing the nursing workforce is most welcome. The issue is not just about numbers, it is essential that nurses employed in the mental health sector have specialist qualifications in mental health nursing. Further, the education and training of mental health nurses needs to include consumers, and representative training must be delivered by consumers themselves. The mental health sector has provided leadership in this area and there is opportunity for future ventures to build on established successes.

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This policy statement is a commitment to re-invest in child and adolescent mental health and proposes expanding services for young people with severe mental health issues. It includes the establishment of a Tier 3 facility with an integrated school in south-east Queensland. It also emphasises the role of community organisations, the need for more acute mental health hospital beds for adolescents, expanded day services, and an adolescent community residential facility in Townsville.

Commission comment

Additional resources for the treatment of adolescents with mental health issues are welcome. The treatment of young people should occur in the least restrictive environment possible.

The model of care, location and number of beds in the proposed new Tier 3 facility and the options to enable young people to maintain their education should be based on contemporary advice from health professionals and educators. This should take into consideration the proposed state-wide adolescent mental health extended treatment and rehabilitation model of care, with care as close to home as is safe.

QUEENSLAND MENTAL HEALTH COMMISSION

The age range of the Intended target group would need to be clarified. Young people are considered to be those aged 16-25 years. A single facility may only meet the needs of a small proportion of this age range.

Additional services in regional centres such as Townsville are also welcome. However, where costs are not prohibitive, consideration should be given to smaller facilities distributed through major regional centres so that young people can retain connections to family and friends in their communities.

While acute and clinical services for youth are welcome, this also needs to be supported with a strong investment and focus on responses across the continuum of care, including early intervention programs that build resilience and core skills of young people to prevent the need for more intensive tertiary responses down the track,

Options to maintain education, relationships, and family connections and develop life skills are critical for young people during recovery. Service options for adolescent extended treatment and rehabilitation include sub-acute care, day programs (including access to education), stepup step-down facilities, residential rehabilitation units and assertive mobile youth outreach services.

In addition to the need for investment in services for young people, there is a clear need for investment in peri-natal mental health which will have the longer term effect of reducing problems in later years. This was brought to the attention of Government by the Commission in 2014.

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Commission comment

The Commission has heard the views of parents and staff working at the Barrett Centre who opposed the closure and has also met with staff managing the closure of the centre.

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- Adults with diabetes also had a significantly higher prevalence of medium, high or very high psychological distress than those without diabetes (43.4% and 32.2% respectively), after adjusting for age differences in the groups, based on the 2007–08 National Health Survey.

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Commission comment

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The Commission has heard from Queenslanders that the National Disability Insurance Scheme is not sufficiently prepared to cater for people with psychosocial disabilities.

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Commission comment

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http://statements.qld.gov.au/Statement/2015/3/5/iabor-toreview-community-health-program-funding

prevention and early intervention responses to support long term savings in the health care system.

Westminster principles

This policy statement commits⁵ "to restoring fairness for public servants and ensuring that the proper conditions exist for them to provide frank and fearless advice to government" including a "return to a Westminster-style model that values and supports a permanent public service."

Commission Comment

Consistent with this policy statement, the Public Service Commission has initiated a review of statutory appointments (equivalent to chief executive appointments) that have terms and conditions set by Governor in Council. The review will provide advice on whether statutory appointments continue to be warranted for all of these roles, as well as assess whether they have contemporary accountability and performance measures.

The Review will report to the Premier by 30 June 2015. The Mental Health Commissioner is included in this review. Robust provisions that balance accountability of the Commissioner to the Minister with independence from the Minister are welcome. Based on a preliminary survey in 2014, it is noted that a significant proportion of stakeholders are of the view that the Commissioner should be more independent rather than less independent from Government. The role carries a 'public trust' responsibility in relation to community expectations. In this context, the Commissioner is able to provide advice to the Minister, independent of the Department, and which is informed by the Commission's independent research and community input.

Fly in-fly out workforce

2015/835

On 4 February 2015 the State Government outlined its commitment to end the 100 percent fly in-fly out workforce for new mines. It is not retrospective⁶. The policy reflects a concern for regional communities where locals are missing out on jobs because of the 100% FIFO policy.

Commission comment

While this policy statement is not directly related to mental health and wellbeing, there continues to be considerable debate about the Impact of FIFO arrangements on the mental health and wellbeing of individuals and their families. Workers engaged in FIFO arrangements and people living in communities affected by FIFO workforces can be negatively affected.

The Commission notes that Western Australia is currently awaiting the outcomes of a Parliamentary inquiry into the mental health of the FIFO workforce. The report is due in March 2015, building on a discussion paper issued towards the end of 2014.

References

Lawrence, D, Hancock, J K, Kisely, S 2013, 'The gap in life expectancy for preventable physical illness in psychiatric patients in Western Australia: Retrospective analysis of population based on registers', BMJ, retrieved on 24 March 2015, <www.bmj.com/content/346/bmj.f2539>

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Further information

⁵ http://www.themandarin.com.au/22871-qid-premier-vowsminimal-change-return-westminster-gov/?pgnc=1

⁶ https://www.grc.org.au/01 cms/details.asp?iD=3588

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QHD.008.004.5184

RWD BY POST 16/4/15

Queensland Mental Health Commission

Enquiries to:

Carmel Ybarlucea Executive Directive

File Ref: Date: 2015/865 14 April 2015

Dr Michael Cleary A/Director-General Department of Health GPO Box 48 BRISBANE QLD 4001

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Yours sincerely

Dr Lesley van Schoubroeck Mental Health Commissioner Queensland Mental Health Commission

Enc: Government Policy Commitments: Opportunities to Improve Mental Health and Wellbeing



Phone

Fax

April 2015

GOVERNMENT POLICY COMMITMENTS: OPPORTUNITIES TO IMPROVE MENTAL HEALTH AND WELLBEING

Queensland Mental Health Commission

Issues paper

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QHD.008.004.5186

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Westminster principles

This policy statement commits⁵ "to restoring fairness for public servants and ensuring that the proper conditions exist for them to provide frank and fearless advice to government" including a "return to a Westminster-style model that values and supports a permanent public service."

Commission Comment

Consistent with this policy statement, the Public Service Commission has initiated a review of statutory appointments (equivalent to chief executive appointments) that have terms and conditions set by Governor in Council. The review will provide advice on whether statutory appointments continue to be warranted for all of these roles, as well as assess whether they have contemporary accountability and performance measures.

The Review will report to the Premier by 30 June 2015, The Mental Health Commissioner Is included in this review. Robust provisions that balance accountability of the Commissioner to the Minister with independence from the Minister are welcome. Based on a preliminary survey in 2014, it is noted that a significant proportion of stakeholders are of the view that the Commissioner should be more independent rather than less independent from Government. The role carries a 'public trust' responsibility in relation to community expectations. In this context, the Commissioner is able to provide advice to the Minister, independent of the Department, and which is informed by the Commission's Independent research and community input.

Fly in-fly out workforce

On 4 February 2015 the State Government outlined its commitment to end the 100 percent fly in-fly out workforce for new mines. It is not retrospective⁶. The policy reflects a concern for regional communities where locals are missing out on jobs because of the 100% FIFO policy.

⁵ http://www.themandarin.com.au/22871-qld-premier-vowsminimal-change-return-westminster-gov/?pgnc=1

6 <u>https://www.qrc.org.au/01_cms/details.asp?ID=3588</u>

Commission comment

While this policy statement is not directly related to mental health and wellbeing, there continues to be considerable debate about the impact of FIFO arrangements on the mental health and wellbeing of individuals and their families. Workers engaged in FIFO arrangements and people living in communities affected by FIFO workforces can be negatively affected.

The Commission notes that Western Australia is currently awaiting the outcomes of a Parliamentary Inquiry into the mental health of the FIFO workforce. The report is due in March 2015, building on a discussion paper issued towards the end of 2014.

References

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Further information

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